

### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

**31 DECEMBER 2014** 



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### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

### **ASSETS**

	31 December	
	2014	<u>2013</u>
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Current Assets:	600 AAT	E2E 104
Cash resources Trade and other receivables	592,447 1,183,546	535,194 649,586
Net investment in leased assets (current)	23,876	21,672
Inventories	55,471	38,940
Tax recoverable	6,377	6,458
rax recoverable	<u></u>	0,430
Total Current Assets	1,861,717	1,251,850
Non-Current Assets:		
Intangible asset	74,515	75,453
Deferred tax asset	670,739	285,972
Property, plant and equipment	109,798	125,712
Net investment in leased asset (non-current)	4,664,653	4,747.518
Total Assets	7,381,422	6.486,505
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:		
Trade and other liabilities	27,437	26,475
Tax payable	4,514	4,951
Tan payable	<u> </u>	4,751
Total Current Liabilities	31,951	31,426
Non-Current Liabilities:		
Amounts due to related parties	3,523,753	3,568,088
Deferred tax liabilities	1,130,452	603,397
Total Liabilities	4,686,156	4,202,911
Equity:		
Stated capital	4,960	5,022
Capital contributions	1,381,409	1,398,789
Accumulated surplus	1,308,897	879,783
Total Equity	2,695,266	2.283,594
Total Liabilities and Equity	7,381,422	6,486,505

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on and signed on their behalf by:

Director:	Director:

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

		For the year ended 31 December	
	<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)	
Revenue:			
Finance lease income Other revenue	652,410 24,351	656,907 485,420	
Total revenue	676,761	1,142,327	
Expenditure:			
Administrative expenses Finance cost Operating expense	90,560 (1,575) 40,848	94,653 (790) 32,009	
Total expenditure	129,833	125,872	
Operating profit before interest income	546,928	1,016,455	
Interest income	45,328	12,950	
Net profit before taxation	592,256	1,029,405	
Taxation	(149,243)	(267,798)	
Net profit for the year	443,013	761,607	
Other Comprehensive Income:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(13,898)	2,072	
Total Comprehensive Income	<u>429,115</u>	<u>763,679</u>	
Attributable to:			
Equity holders	429,115	<u>763,679</u>	

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	Stated Capital (\$'000)	Capital Contributions (\$'000)	Accumulated Surplus (\$'000)	Non- Controlling <u>Interest</u> (\$'000)	Total <u>Equity</u> (\$'000)
Year ended 31 December 2013					
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Net profit for the year Difference on exchange Capital contributions Transfer of equity interest Premium on share purchase Transfer of capital to liabilities Balance as at 31 December 2013	5,007 - 15 - - - - - - - - - -	4,879,352 (4,784) 75,453 (3,551,231) 	104,572 763,678 - 11,531 - - 879,782	(11,532	5,000,463 763,678 15 (4,784) - 75,453 (3,551,231) 2,283,594
Year ended 31 December 2014					
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Total Comprehensive Income Difference on exchange	5,022 (62)	1,398,790	879,782 429,115	<u>-</u>	2,283,594 429,115 (17,443)
Balance as at 31 December 2014	<u>4,960</u>	<u>1,381,409</u>	1,308,897		2,695,266

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(ψ 000)	(Ψ 000)
Net profit before taxation	592,256	1,029,404
Adjustment for:		10.011
Depreciation	11,945	12,211
Difference on exchange	(13,897)	2,072
Interest income	(45,329)	(12,950)
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4,250	<del>-</del>
Finance lease collection	<u>21.547</u>	<u>19,399</u>
Net profit before changes in working capital	570,772	1,050,136
Net change in trade and other receivables	(533,960)	(531,261)
Net change in due from related parties	•	3,562,920
Net change in trade payables	(44,334)	(514,474)
Net change in inventories	962	(9,937)
Net change in due to related parties	(16,533)	
	(23,093)	3,557,384
Interest received (net)	45,329	12,950
Tax paid	(7,311)	1,758
Cash provided by Operating Activities	14,925	3,572,092
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in intangible asset	938	(45,978)
Net change in property, plant and equipment	58,832	(75,453)
Not change in property, plant and equipment		
Cash used in Investing Activities	59,770	(121,431)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net change in stated capital	(62)	(3,480,563)
Net change in capital contributions	(17,380)	<u>15</u>
Cash used in Financing Activities	(17,442)	(3,480,548)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	57,253	(29,887)
Net cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	535,194	<u>565,081</u>
Net cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>592,447</u>	<u>535,194</u>
Represented by:		
Cook revolves	592,447	535,194
Cash resources	<u> </u>	



### CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

**31 DECEMBER 2014** 



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Building 5, Christina Courts, 33 – 35 Boisierre No. 1, Maraval, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

### Statement of Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited consolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Directors: David D'Andrade - Chairman • Soraya Nanan • Phil Achan • Selvon Ramroop



### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Shareholder Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited as of 31 December 2014, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standard.

PMF Port of Spain 22 November 2016

Direct tel (868) 624-4569 l Direct fax (868) 624-4388 PKF l 90 Edward Street l Port-of-Spain l PO Bag 250 Belmont l Trinidad l WI

Partners: Renée-Lisa Philip Mark K. Superville

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **ASSETS**

	31 December		
	<u>Notes</u>	2014 (\$'000)	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)
Current Assets:		,, ,	,
Cash resources	5	93,174	83,124
Trade and other receivables	6	186,136	100,891
Net investment in leased assets (current)	7	3,755	3,366
Inventories	8	8,724	6,048
Tax recoverable		1,003	1,003
Total Current Assets		292,792	194,432
Non-Current Assets:			
Intangible asset	9	11,719	11,719
Deferred tax asset	10	105,487	44,416
Property, plant and equipment	11	17,268	19,525
Net investment in leased asset (non-current)	7	733,609	737,364
Total Assets		1,160,875	1,007,456
<u>LIABILITIE</u>	S AND EQUITY		
Current Liabilities:			
Trade and other liabilities	12	4,315	4,112
Tax payable		710	<u>769</u>
Total Current Liabilities		5,025	4,881
Non-Current Liabilities:			
Amounts due to related parties	13	554,180	554,180
Deferred tax liabilities	10	177,786	93,717
Total Liabilities		736,991	652,778
Equity:			
Stated capital	14	780	780
Capital contributions	15	217,254	217,254
Accumulated surplus		205,850	136,644
Total Equity		423,884	354.678
Total Liabilities and Equity		1,160,875	1,007,456

These consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 22 November 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director Dai de Hadrade.

Director:

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements)

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in United States Dollars)

		For the year ended 31 December	
	Notes	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Revenue:			
Finance lease income Other revenue	16	101,916 3,804	102,263 75,567
Total revenue		105,720	177,830
Expenditure:			
Administrative expenses Finance cost Operating expense	17 18 19	14,147 (246) 6,381	14,735 (123) 4,983
Total expenditure		20,282	<u>19,595</u>
Operating profit before interest income		85,438	158,235
Interest income		7,081	2,016
Net profit before taxation		92,519	160,251
Taxation	20	(23,314)	(41,689)
Net profit for the year		69,205	118,562
Other Comprehensive Income:			
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:			
Foreign currency translation adjustment			(4)
Total Comprehensive Income		<u>69,206</u>	<u>118,558</u>
Attributable to:			
Equity holders		69.206	<u>118,558</u>

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014 (Expressed in United States Dollars)

	Stated <u>Capital</u> (\$'000)	Capital Contributions (\$'000)	Accumulated Surplus (\$'000)	Non- Controlling <u>Interest</u> (\$'000)	Total <u>Equity</u> (\$'000)
Year ended 31 December 2013					
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Total Comprehensive Income Capital contributions Transfer of equity interest Premium on share purchase Transfer of capital to liabilities Balance as at 31 December 2013	780 - - - - - - - 780	760,077 (743) - 11,719 (553,799) - 217,254	16,290 118,558 1,796	1,796	778,943 118,558 (743) - 11,719 (553,799) 
Year ended 31 December 2014					
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Total Comprehensive Income	780	217,254	136,644 69,206		354,678 <u>69,206</u>
Balance as at 31 December 2014	<u>780</u>	<u>217,254</u>	<u>205,850</u>		423,884

### CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

		For the year ended 31 December	
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(\$ 000)		
Net profit before taxation	92,519	160,251	
Adjustment for: Depreciation Unrealised gain on foreign exchange Interest income Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment Finance lease collection	1,866 1 (7,081) 664 3,366	1,901 (4) (2,016) - 3,020	
Net profit before changes in working capital Net change in trade and other receivables Net change in trade payables Net change in inventories Net change in due to related parties	91,335 (78,485) (61) (2,676)	163,152 (82,459) (79,890) (1,530) 553,375	
Interest received (net) Tax paid	10,113 321 (111)	552,648 2,016 (108)	
Cash provided by Operating Activities  INVESTING ACTIVITIES	10,323	<u>554,556</u>	
Net change in intangible asset Additions to property, plant and equipment	(273) (273)	(11,719) (4,915) (16,634)	
Cash used in Investing Activities		(10,02.1)	
FINANCING ACTIVITIES  Net change in capital contributions	approximate from the second	(542,823)	
Cash used in Financing Activities		(542,823)	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	10,050	(4,901)	
Net cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	83,124	88,025	
Net cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>93,174</u>	<u>83,124</u>	
Represented by:			
Cash resources (The accompanying notes form an integral part of these	<u>93,174</u> e consolidated financial s	<u>83,124</u> statements)	

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 1. Principal Business Activities:

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited (UEEGCL) was incorporated on 26 February 2008 to hold equity on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in the acquisition, construction, ownership, sale, and the operation, management and maintenance of power generation facilities. The registered office of UEEGCL is located at Level 15, Eric Williams Financial Complex, Independence Square, Port of Spain.

Trinidad Generation Unlimited is wholly owned by UEEGCL, an entity controlled by the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago ("GORTT").

The purposes of Trinidad Generation Unlimited are limited to engaging in the acquisition, construction, lease, ownership and sale, and the operation, management, maintenance, financing and re-financing of power generation facilities., contracting for the output of power from such facilities, and all actions incidental, necessary or appropriate to the foregoing that may be engaged in by an unlimited liability company formed under the Act.

The operations of Trinidad Generation Unlimited have been consolidated into these consolidated financial statements.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

### (a) Basis of preparation -

These consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are stated in United Sates dollars. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. These consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of previous year.

### (b) Use of estimates -

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations
  - i) The Company has not applied the following standards and amendments that became effective during the current year, as they do not apply to the activities of the Company:
    - IFRS 2 Share-based payment Amendment to the definition of vesting condition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment re: accounting for a contingent consideration in a business combination (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment on the scope of exception for joint ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 8 Operating Segments Amendment re: disclosure of the aggregation of operating segments and the reconciliation of assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment for investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
    - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Amendment for investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
    - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Amendment re: clarification of portfolio exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures Amendment on disclosures for entities providing key management personnel services (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
    - IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation Amendment re: application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
  - IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendment re: the proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendment re: the novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - IAS 40 Investment Property Amendment re: clarification of specific transactions that are both business combinations and investment property (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IFRIC 21 Levies (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - ii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the Society or have no material impact on its financial statements, except for IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
  - IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements Amendments regarding the accounting for acquisitions of an interest in a joint operation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
  - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017).
  - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments resulting from disclosure initiative (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments regarding the clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 19 Employee Benefits: Disclosures 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendments reinstalling the equity method as an accounting option for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in an entity's separate financial statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 28 Investment in Associates Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between investor and its associate or joint venture (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 28 Investment in Associates Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):</u>

### (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -

- IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendments regarding the clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 41 Agriculture Amendments bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

### (d) Financial assets -

Financial assets are classified into the following categories – loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which UEEGCL does not intend to sell in the short-term or which it has not designated as fair value through profit and loss, available for sale or held to maturity. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

### Available for sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate are classified as available for sale. These investments are carried at fair value with realized gains and losses being taken to the profit and loss account and unrealized gains and losses being shown in equity.

### Held to maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised costs.

### (e) Comparative information -

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

### 2.540

### UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

### (f) Cash and cash equivalents -

Cash at bank in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position comprsies of cash held in depository bank accounts as at the reporting date.

For the purposes of the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash at bank and deposits in banks with an original maturity of three months or less.

### (g) Property, plant and equipment -

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

Capital work in progress represents milestone payments to contractors under an Engineering Procurement and Supply Contract and other direct costs incurred in constructing the power plant that meet the recognition criteria. The plant will be brought into operation in three phases, Phase 1A, Phase 1B and Phase 2 in accordance with the Power Purchase Agreement (PPA). Capital work in progress has been allocated to the components of plant and equipment that are commissioned under each of the phases.

The PPA was evaluated in accordance with the provisions of IFRIC 4. This evaluation has resulted in the recognition of a leased asset related to the power plant.

Depreciation is charged from the month in which the equipment is purchased. Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis, per annum.

The following rates are considered appropriate to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives are applied:

Computer equipment	33.3
Machinery and equipment	25
Furniture and fixtures	25
Capital spares	3.3 - 11.9

Capital work-in-progress is not depreciated.

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted as appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income,

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### UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

### (h) Consolidation -

A subsidiary is an entity over which UEEGCL has the power to govern the financial and operating policies generally accompanying a shareholding of more than one-half of the voting rights. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered when assessing whether UEEGCL controls another entity. Trinidad Generation Unlimited, in which UEEGCL has a 100% interest, is a subsidiary. The Subsidiary is fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to UEEGCL. It de-recognises the assets and liabilities of a former subsidiary from the date on which control ceases.

UEEGCL uses the purchase method of accounting to account for the acquisition of the subsidiary. The cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets given, equity instruments issued and liabilities incurred or assumed at the date of exchange, plus costs directly attributable to the acquisition. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any non-controlling interest. The excess of the cost of acquisition over the fair value of UEEGCL's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the cost of acquisition is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired, the difference is recognised directly in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. All intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated on consolidation.

### (i) Stated capital -

Shares are classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds.

### (j) Intangible asset -

Premium of share purchase

This represents the excess of the purchase price of a share acquisition over its book value. Although not subject to amortization, its value will be tested fro impairment on an annual basis or nore frequently if events or circumstances indicate.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

### (k) Foreign currency translation -

### Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency').

### Transactions and balances

Local currency transactions are translated into the presentation currency, United States dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

### (I) Taxation -

UEEGCL is subject to Corporation Tax, as it does not meet the criteria of an Investment Company as defined by the Corporation Tax Act, Section 6(3). Tax on profit or loss for the year comprises current tax and the change in deferred tax. Current tax comprises tax payable calculated on the basis of the taxable income for the year using the prevailing tax rate and any adjustment to tax payable for previous year.

Deferred tax is calculated using the liability method whereby liabilities are recognised for temporary differences arising between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position and their tax basis, using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date, which result in taxable amounts in future period. Deferred tax assets relating to the carry forward of unused tax losses are recognised to the extent it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the unused tax losses can be utilised.

### (m) Provisions -

Provisions are recognised when UEEGCL has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provison is recognized even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any other item included in the same class of obligations may be small. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provison due to the passage of time is recognised in the profit and loss account.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

### (n) Revenue recognition -

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating intergroup sale. Interest income is recognised on the accruals basis and dividend income is accrued for when the right to receive payment is established.

### (o) Foreign currency translation -

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in thousands of United States dollars, which is UEEGCL's functional and presentation currency.

### 3. Financial Risk Management:

### Financial risk factors

On account of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, UEEGCL as a consolidated entity is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, operational risk, compliance risk and reputation risk arising from the financial instruments that it holds. The risk management policies employed by UEEGCL to manage these risks are discussed below:

### Financial Instruments

	2014	
	Carrying	Fair
	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>
Financial Assets	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Cash resources	93,174	93,174
Trade and other receivables	186,136	186,136
Net investment in leased assets	737,364	1,291,493
Financial Liabilities		
Trade and other liabilities	4,315	4,315
Amounts due to related parties	554,180	554,180

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

	2013		
	Carrying	Fair	
	<u>Value</u>	<u>Value</u>	
Financial Assets	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Cash resources	83,124	83,124	
Trade and other receivables	100,891	100,891	
Net investment in leased assets	740,730	1,323,130	
Financial Liabilities			
Trade and other liabilities	4,112	4,112	
Amounts due to related parties	554,180	554,180	

The fair value of the leased asset was estimated using relevant industry and market observable data to arrive at a proxy for fair value at year end.

### (a) Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

UEEGCL as a consolidated entity is exposed to interest rate risk through the effect of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of interest rates on interest bearing financial assets and liabilities.

The exposure is managed through the matching of funding products with financial services and monitoring market conditions and yields.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

### (a) Interest rate risk (cont'd) -

(a) Interest i	rate risk (contro	u) -		2014		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non-Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	0.48% 0.0% 0.0%	60,000		-	33,174 186,136 737,364	93,174 186,136 737,364
		60,000			<u>956,674</u>	1,016,674
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and other liabilities Amounts due to related parties	$0.0\% \\ 0.0\%$		***************************************	***************************************	4,315 554,180	4.315 554,180
		-			<u>558,495</u>	558,495
				2013		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non-Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$`000)
Financial Assets			,,,	,,,	(4 /	,,
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	0.48% 0.0% 0.0%	50,000	-	· ·	33,124 100,891 740,730	83,124 100,891 740,730
		50,000			874,745	924,745
Financial Liabilities						
Trade and other liabilities Amounts due to related parties	$0.0\% \\ 0.0\%$	**************************************	***************************************	-	4,112 554,180	4,112 554,180
		-			558,292	558,292

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### UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

### (b) Credit risk -

Credit risk arises when failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity has policies in place to control and monitor risk on a continuous basis.

### (c) Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity dates of assets and liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses.

UEEGCL as a consolidated entity has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

### Risk Management -

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of UEEGCL. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity employs various asset/liability techniques to manage liquidity gaps. Liquidity gaps are mitigated by the marketable nature of a substantial segment of UEEGCL's assets.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

### (c) Liquidity risk (cont'd) -

To manage and reduce liquidity risk UEEGCL's management actively seeks to match cash inflows with liability requirements.

### ii. Liquidity Gap

		201	4	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> ( <b>\$'000</b> )	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets	(4 333)	(4 333)	(4 000)	(4 3 3 3 )
Cash resources	93,174	-	-	93,174
Trade and other receivables	186,136	-	-	186,136
Net investment in leased assets	3,755	20,478	713,131	737,364
	283,065	20,478	713,131	<u> 1,016,674</u>
Financial Liabilities				
Trade and other liabilities	4,315	-	-	4.315
Amounts due to related parties	568,404	-	-	<u>568,404</u>
	<u>572,719</u>			<u>572,719</u>
		201	3	
	Up to	1 to	Over	787 . A
	<u>1 vear</u>	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 vears</u>	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets		1 to	Over	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Cash resources	<u>1 vear</u>	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 vears</u>	
Cash resources Trade and other receivables	1 year (\$'000) 83,124 100,891	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 83,124 100,891
Cash resources	1 year (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 vears</u>	( <b>\$'000</b> ) 83,124
Cash resources Trade and other receivables	1 year (\$'000) 83,124 100,891	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 83,124 100,891
Cash resources Trade and other receivables	1 year (\$'000) 83,124 100,891 3,366	1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	83,124 100,891 740,730
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets	1 year (\$'000) 83,124 100,891 3,366	1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	83,124 100,891 740,730
Cash resources Trade and other receivables Net investment in leased assets  Financial Liabilities	1 year (\$'000) 83,124 100,891 3,366 	1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	83,124 100,891 740,730 924,745

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

### (d) Currency risk -

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not UEEGCL's measurement currency. UEEGCL's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

### (e) Operational risk -

Operational risk is the risk derived from deficiencies relating to UEEGCL's information technology and control systems, as well as the risk of human error and natural disasters. UEEGCL's systems are evaluated, maintained and upgraded continuously. Supervisory controls are installed to minimise human error.

### (f) Compliance risk -

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited by the monitoring controls applied by UEEGCL.

### (g) Reputation risk -

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to UEEGCL's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue and legal cases against UEEGCL. UEEGCL applies procedures to minimize this risk.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the process of applying UEEGCL's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. UEEGCL makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. However, actual results could differ from those estimates as the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk or causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Changes in accounting estimates are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the estimate is changed, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods if the change affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements, are as follows:

- (i) Whether investments are classfied as available for sale, held to maturity or loans and receivables.
- (ii) Whether leases are classified as operating leases or finance leases.
- (iii) Which depreciation method for property, plant and equipment is used.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year-end date (requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements) that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

### Impairment of assets

Management assesses at each year-end date whether assets are impaired. An asset is imparied when the carrying value is greater than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence of impairment. Recoverable amount is the present value of the future cash flows. Provisions are made for the excess of the carrying value over its recoverable amount.

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

-	A :	T.
5.	Cash	Resources:

Cash Resources.	31 December	
	<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Cash at bank	33,174	33,124
Short term deposit	60,000	50,000
	<u>93,174</u>	83,124

Cash at bank earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short terms deposits include US dollars denominated deposits with maturity dates ranging 30 days to 180 days with interest rates from 0.23% - 0.48% per annum.

### 6. Trade and Other Receivables:

	31 December	
	(\$'000)	2013 (\$*000)
Trade receivables Accrued revenue Prepayments and other receivables	168,792 17,323 21	88,488 11,703 700
	186,136	100,891

### 7. Investment in Leased Assets:

Investment in Leased Assets:	31 Dec	ember
	2014 (\$'000)	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)
Finance lease – gross investment Less: Unearned finance income	2,800,694 (2,063,330)	2,905,983 (2,165,253)
Net investment in leased asset Less amounts due within	737,364 (3,755)	740,730 (3,366)
	<u>733,609</u>	<u>737,364</u>

Trinidad Generation Unlimited has entered into a Power Purchased Agreement (PPA) for the supply of capacity and associated energy generated for a term of thirty (30) years from the commencement of Phase 1A commercial operations.

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### UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 7. <u>Investment in Leased Assets (Cont'd)</u>:

The power plant will be brought into operation in three phases. Each phase will provide incremental capacity for power generation as follows:

Phase 1 A commissioned on 31 July 2011	225MW
Phase 1B commissioned on 20 December 2011	225MW
Phase 2 commissioned on 18 December 2012	270MW

The provisions of the PPA were evaluated in accordance with IFRIC 4: "Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease" and IAS 17: "Leases." Phase 1B were commissioned during 2011. Their related costs were transferred from capital work in progress and an investment in these assets was recognized in the respective years.

As at 31 December, the gross investment and present value of receivables relating to future minimum lease payments were distributed as follows:

	2014		2013	
		Present value		Present value
	Gross investment (\$'000)	of receivable \$'000	Gross investment (\$'000)	of receivable (\$'000)
Within 1 year	105,289	3,755	105,289	3,366
1 to 5 years	421,445	20,478	421,445	18,305
Over 5 years	2,273,959	713,131	2,379,249	719,059
	<u>2,800,693</u>	737,364	<u>2,905,983</u>	<u>740,730</u>

### 8. Inventories:

	31 Dec	31 December	
	(\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)	
Spare parts	8,406	6,048	
Materials in transit	318		
	8,724	6,048	

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 9. <u>Intangible Asset</u>:

This represents a premium calculated as the excess of the purchase price of the minority interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited over the book value of the shares purchased.

### 10. Deferred Taxation:

Deterred Taxation.	31 December	
	2014 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Significant components of deferred tax are as follows:		
Deferred tax asset:		
Tax losses	<u> 105,487</u>	<u>44,416</u>
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Finance lease	177,453	93,385
Plant and equipment	333	332
	<u> 177,786</u>	<u>93.717</u>

Trinidad Generation Unlimited has unutilized tax losses of \$421.9 million (2013: \$177.7 million) that are available indefinitely for offset against future taxable profits. Deferred tax assets have been recognized for the carry forward of these unused tax losses to the extent that it is possible that future tax profits will be available against which the tax losses can be utilized. There are no unrecognised deferred tax assets for the current year or prior year.

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### 31 DECEMBER 2014

### 11. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture & Fixtures (\$'000)	Machinery and Equipment \$('000)	Other Assets (\$'000)	Capital Spares (\$'000)	(\$.000)	$\frac{2013}{(\$'000)}$
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Additions Transfer to finance lease	21	9	1,333	1,990	18,673	22,023 273 (664)	17,108
Balance as at 31 December 2014	7	9	1,400	2,196	18,009	21,632	22,023
Accumulated Depreciation							
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Charge for the year	13	3	208	615	1,659	2,498	597
Balance as at 31 December 2014	20	The second secon	342	848	3,150	4,364	2,498
Net Book Value							
Balance as at 31 December 2014			1,058	1348	14.859	17,268	19.525

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# UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### 31 DECEMBER 2014

### 11. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd):

***************************************	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture & Fixtures (\$'000)	Machinery and Equipment \$('000)	Other Assets (\$*000)	Capital Spares (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)	2012 (\$*000)
Balance as at 1 January 2013	∞	9	356	894	15,844	17,108	329,231
Additions Transfer to finance lease	-		776	1,096	2,829	4,915	64,776 (376,89 <u>9)</u>
Balance as at 31 December 2013	21	9	1,333	1,990	18,673	22,023	17,108
Accumulated Depreciation							
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	9	C	94	362	113	597 1,901	186
Balance as at 31 December 2013	13	£	208	615	1,659	2,498	597
Net Book Value							
Balance as at 31 December 2013	8	3	1,125	1,375	17.014	19,525	16,511

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 12. Trade and Other Liabilities:

THE DISTRICT SHOWING.	<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Trade payable	431	793
Other payable	3,884	3,319
	<u>4,315</u>	<u>4.112</u>

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally on 30-day terms.

### 13. Amounts Due To Related Parties:

UEEGCL is ultimately owned by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago (GORTT). In the ordinary course of its business, UEEGCL enters into transactions concerning the exchange of goods, provision of services and financing with affiliate companies as well as with entitites directly and indirectly owned or controlled by the GORTT. Entities under the common control of the GORTT include National Energy Corporation of Trindad and Tobago Limited and Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission.

Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured, interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for an amounts due to or from related parties. The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into with related parties for the year.

	31 Dec	ember
Due to related parties	<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago National Energy Corporation	553,858 322	553,858 322
	_554,180	<u> 554,180</u>
Purchase from related parties		
National Energy Corporation - Lease rental and premium	334	334
Due from related parties Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission	<u> 186,115</u>	100,191

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

13.	Amounts Due to Related Parties (Cont'd):

		31 Dec	ember
		2014 (\$'000)	(\$'000)
	Sales to related parties: Trinidad and Tobago Commission	<u>105,720</u>	104,592
	Compensation of key management personnel Short-term employee benefits	85 <u>6</u>	742
14.	Stated Capital:	31 Dec <u>2014</u>	ember <u>2013</u>
	Authorised Unlimited ordinary shares at par value	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
	Issued and fully paid 5,000,010 ordinary shares at TTD\$1 each	<u>780</u>	780
15.	Capital Contributions:	31 Dec	ember
		<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	<u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Government of Trinidad and Tobago	217,254	217,254

In March 2014, the Ministry of Finance clarified that the ultimate parent company's ("UEEGCL") position whould be that the capital structure of the Company will be 75% debt and 25% equity effective 31 July 2013. As a consequence, 75% of the capital contributions paid by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago through UEEGCL will be repaid upon a successful loan refinancing by Trinidad Generation Unlimited. Effective 31 July 2013 this amount has been duly reclassified to current liabilities.

### 16. Other Revenue:

	31 Dec	ember
	2014 (\$ <sup>2</sup> 000)	2013 (\$'000)
Capacity revenue - CPL adjustment	3,603	2,166
Energy delivered revenues	201	163
Liquidated damages - Non availability (See Note below)	_	<u>73,238</u>
	3.804	<u>75,567</u>

## NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 16. Other Revenue (Cont'd):

In accordance with the provisions of the Engineering Procurement and Supply contract for the construction of the plant, Trinidad Generation Unlimited filed a claim for late substantial completion payments for delays in delivery of the plant. In 2013, Trinidad Generation Unlimited was awarded a settlement sum of **US\$73.2M** which represented the full claim in the amount of **US\$106.2 million** net of US \$33 million for settlement of other contract issued.

#### 17. Administrative Expenses:

	31 December	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Accounting and audit	18	18
Depreciation	1,866	1,901
Directors fees	61	61
Entertainment	3	I
Events and community work	854	606
Insurance	3,402	4,322
Internet	I	1
IT expenses	360	203
Legal and professional	1,263	1,845
Meals and entertainment	-	52
Miscellaneous	8	7
Office	53	117
Other	82	256
Outsourced personnel services	44	44
Overseas tours	6	16
Rent	410	409
Repairs and maintenance	1	1
Salaries and wages	5,059	4,339
Stationery	g .	-
Telephone	1	1
Training	2	1
Travelling	532	332
Utilities Water	120	202
	<u> 14.147</u>	<u>14,735</u>

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#### UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

18.	Finance	Cost:

1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	31 De	31 December	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Bank charges Financing fees Loss on foreign exchange	5 - (251)	13 (2) (134)	
Balance, end of the year	( <u>246</u> )	(123)	

#### 19. **Operating Expense:**

Operania Impense	31 December	
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
	(\$*000)	(\$'000)
Calibration and testing	121	118
Contract labour	1,820	815
Contract services	1,620	946
Equipment rental	99	63
Other	2,022	698
Parts and equipment	120	64
Parts and supplies	(50)	1,073
Security	270	294
Training	334	678
Travel and motor vehicle expenses	-	228
Workshop expenses	<u>25</u>	6
	6,381	4,983

### NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 20. Taxation:

<u>Taxauon</u> :	31 December	
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Components of the taxation credit for the year:		
Business Levy	(211)	(356)
Green Fund Levy	(106)	(178)
Deferred tax	(22,997)	(41,155)
	<u>(23,314</u> )	<u>(41,689</u> )
A reconciliation of the expected income tax expense determined using the statutory tax rate of 25% to the effective income tax expense is as follows:		
Net profit before taxation	92,519	160,251
Income taxes thereon at the rate of 25%	(23,129)	(40,063)
Non-deductible expenses	(111)	(593)
Reversal of impairment of tax losses	125	254
Business Levy	(211)	(356)
Green Fund Levy	(106)	(178)
Other	118	(753)
	<u>(23,314</u> )	(41,689)

#### 21. Capital Commitments:

At 31 December 2014, Trinidad Generation Unlimited has approved three contracts for commencement in 2015: the total value being \$12.627 million (2013: Nil).

#### 22. Operating Lease Commitments:

Trinidad Generation Unlimited has entered into a 30 year lease agreement commencing 15 January 2009 with the National Energy Corporation of Trinidad and Tobago for the lease of 149.955 hectares of land situated in La Brea, Trinidad. The rental lease expense of \$333,900 dollars is recorded in administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: \$333,900 dollars).

Trinidad Generation Unlimited also holds operating leases for its motor vehicles. The motor vehicle lease expense of \$198,322 dollars is recorded in administrative expenses for the year ended 31 December 2014 (2013: \$223,309).

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# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 22. Operating Lease Commitments (Cont'd):

Future minimum rentals payable under the operating leases as at 31 December are as follows:

	31 December	
	(\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Within one year	507	390
After one year but not more than five years	1,548	1,578
More than five years	6,344	6,678

#### 23. <u>Contractual Commitments</u>:

At 31 December 2014, Trinidad Generation Unlimited has approved three contracts for commencement in 2015, the total value being \$12.627 million (2013: Nil).

On 15 September 2009, Trinidad Generation Unlimited entered into a Power Purchase Agreement for 30 years with Alutrint Limited (Alutrint) and the Trinidad and Tobago Electricity Commission (T&TEC) as buyers in which each of the buyers are jointly and severally obligated to fulfilling the terms and conditions of the agreement which provides *inter alia* for sale of the maximum available output of the plant. In accordance with the power purchase agreement these obligations would commence once Phase 1A of the plant is operational. Phase 1A became operational on 31 July 2011, Phase 1B on 20 December 2011 and Phase 2 became operational on 18 December 2012.

In 2011, the agreement to deliver output to Alutrint was discontinued, resulting in the full output of the plant being designated to T&TEC. The obligations of T&TEC under the Power Purchase Agreement are unconditionally guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. The total capacity of the plant is dedicated to T&TEC.

# NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 24. Subsequent Events:

#### (i) T&TEC receivable

Subsequent to the reporting date, as at 25 August 2015, Trinidad Generation Unlimited has received US\$253 million from T&TEC, as full settlement of the amounts owed inclusive of interest, as well as a prepayment on future energy delivered expected to cover part of the period up to 1 October 2015.

#### (ii) Financing

In July 2015, the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited approved and invited bids for long-term financing in the amount of **US\$600 million** for the purpose of repaying the amount owed to the parent company (UEEGCL) in the sum of **US\$568 million**.

On 30 September 2015, Trinidad Generation Unlimited entered into a one (1) year loan agreement with First Citizens Bank Limited as a bridge facility to the intended long-term financing. The amount of this facility was **TT\$960 million** (the equivalent of **US\$150 million**).



# UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

**31 DECEMBER 2014** 



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Building 5, Christina Courts, 33 – 35 Boisierre No. 1, Maraval, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

#### Statement of Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information;
- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited unconsolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Directors: David D'Andrade - Chairman • Soraya Nanan • Phil Achan • Selvon Ramroop



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### The Shareholders Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these unconsolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the unconsolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and unconsolidated fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited as of 31 December 2014, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Port of Spain 22 November 2016

Direct tel (868) 624-4569 l Direct fax (868) 624-4388 PKF l 90 Edward Street l Port-of-Spain l PO Bag 250 Belmont l Trinidad l WI

Partners: Renée-Lisa Philip Mark K. Superville

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **ASSETS**

ASSEIS		24.5	*
		31 Decei	
		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
	<u>Notes</u>	(\$'000)	(\$'000)
Current Assets:			
Cash resources	5	10,122	1,885
Accounts receivable and prepayments	6	13	6
Due from subsidiary	7	25,434	29,118
Total Current Assets		35,569	31,009
Non-Current Assets:			
Due from subsidiary	7	3,657,216	3,657,216
Intangible asset	8	75,451	75,451
Property, plant and equipment	9	15	67
Investment in subsidiary	10	2,430,541	1,995,238
Total Non-Current Assets		6,163,223	5,727,972
Total Assets		6,198,792	5,758,981
LIABILITIES AND SHARE	EHOLDER'S	EQUITY	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accruals	11	507	363
Due to shareholder		3,565,633	3,565,633
Total Liabilities		3,566,140	3,565,996
Shareholder's Equity:			
Stated capital	12	5,000	5,000
Advances from shareholder	13	1,319,215	1,319,215
Accumulated surplus		1,308,437	868,770
Total Shareholder's Equity		2,632,652	2,192,985
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity		6,198,792	5,758,981

These unconsolidated financial statements have been authorized by the Board of Directors for issue on 22 November 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director Sound I tadrade.

Director:

(The accompanying notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements)

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Revenue:	` ,	
Total Revenue		
Expenditure:		
Administrative expenses (Note 14)	1,633	1,813
Total Expenditure	1,633	1,813
Operating loss	(1,633)	(1,813)
Share of investee profit	441,661	765,177
Net profit for the year	440,028	763,364
Other Comprehensive Income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(361)	1,836
Total Comprehensive Income	<u>439,667</u>	765,200

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Accumulated Fund (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2013	103,570
Total Comprehensive Income	765,200
Balance as at 31 December 2013	868,770
Balance as at 1 January 2014	868,770
Total Comprehensive Income	439,667
Balance as at 31 December 2014	1,308,437

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Operating Activities:		
Net profit for the year Adjustments:	440,028	763,364
Depreciation	52	52
Unrealised (loss)/gain on foreign exchange	(361)	1,836
Operating profit before working capital changes	439,719	765,252
Net change in due from subsidiary	3,684	176,850
Net change in accounts receivable and prepayments	(7)	-
Net change in accounts payable and accruals	144	(75)
Cash provided by operating activities	443,540	942,027
Investing Activities:		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	-	(81)
Net change in due from subsidiary	-	(3,657,216)
Net change in due to shareholder	-	3,565,633
Net change in intangible asset	-	(75,451)
Net change in investment in subsidiary	(435,303)	2,595,713
Cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	(435,303)	2,428,598
Financing Activities:		
Net change in advances from shareholders		(3,372,478)
Cash used in financing activities		(3,372,478)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	8,237	(1,853)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,885	3,738
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	10,122	1,885
Represented by:		
Cash resources	10,122	1,885
Cash resources	10.1.4	1,002

### NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 1. <u>Principal Business Activities</u>:

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited (UEEGCL) was incorporated on 26 February 2008 to hold equity on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in the acquisition, construction, ownership, sale, and the operation, management and maintenance of power generation facilities. The registered office of UEEGCL is located at Level 15, Eric Williams Financial Complex, Independence Square, Port of Spain.

Trinidad Generation Unlimited is wholly owned by UEEGCL, an entity controlled by the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago ("GORTT").

The purposes of Trinidad Generation Unlimited are limited to engaging in the acquisition, construction, lease, ownership and sale, and the operation, management, maintenance, financing and re-financing of power generation facilities., contracting for the output of power from such facilities, and all actions incidental, necessary or appropriate to the foregoing that may be engaged in by an unlimited liability company formed under the Act.

The operations of Trinidad Generation Unlimited have not been consolidated into these financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are presented separately.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### (a) Basis of preparation -

These unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are stated in Trinidad and Tobago dollars rounded to the nearest thousand. These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of previous year.

#### (b) Use of estimates -

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these unconsolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (c) New accounting standards and interpretations -

- i) The Company has not applied the following standards and amendments that became effective during the current year, as they do not apply to the activities of the Company:
  - IFRS 2 Share-based payment Amendment to the definition of vesting condition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment re: accounting for a contingent consideration in a business combination (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment on the scope of exception for joint ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IFRS 8 Operating Segments Amendment re: disclosure of the aggregation of operating segments and the reconciliation of assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment for investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Amendment for investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Amendment re: clarification of portfolio exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures Amendment on disclosures for entities providing key management personnel services (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
  - IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation Amendment re: application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendment re: the proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendment re: the novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - IAS 40 Investment Property Amendment re: clarification of specific transactions that are both business combinations and investment property (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
  - IFRIC 21 Levies (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
  - ii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the Company or have no material impact on its financial statements, except for IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
  - IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements Amendments regarding the accounting for acquisitions of an interest in a joint operation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017).
  - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments resulting from disclosure initiative (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments regarding the clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 19 Employee Benefits: Disclosures 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

### NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -

- IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendments reinstalling the equity method as an accounting option for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in an entity's separate financial statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 28 Investment in Associates Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between investor and its associate or joint venture (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 28 Investment in Associates Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendments regarding the clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 41 Agriculture Amendments bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment -

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the diminishing balance method.

The following rates are considered appropriate to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives:

Furniture, fixtures and fittings - 25% Office equipment - 33.3%

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted as appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (e) Financial assets -

Financial assets are classified into the following categories – loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which UEEGCL does not intend to sell in the short-term or which it has not designated as fair value through profit and loss, available for sale or held to maturity. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. As at the reporting date, the company had no loans or receivables.

#### Available for sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate are classified as available for sale. These investments are carried at fair value with realized gains and losses being taken to the profit and loss account and unrealized gains and losses being shown in equity. As at the reporting date, the company had no available for sale financial assets.

#### Held to maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised costs. The investment in subsidiary is considered a held-to-maturity financial asset.

#### (f) Comparative information -

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

#### (g) Accounting for investment in subsidiary -

The investment in subsidiary is accounted for at cost, in accordance with IAS 27. Additional capital contributions increase the investment in subsidiary.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents -

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held on call with banks. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Cash and cash equivalents carry a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

#### (i) Stated capital -

Stated capital comprises shares and is classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Stated capital carries a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

#### (j) Intangible asset -

Premium of share purchase

This represents the excess of the purchase price of a share acquisition over its book value. Although not subject to amortization, its value will be tested fro impairment on an annual basis or nore frequently if events or circumstances indicate.

#### (k) Revenue recognition -

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods, the provision of a service or the use by others of entity assets yielding interests, royalties and/or dividends. Revenue is shown net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating inter-group sales. Interest income is recognised on the accruals basis and dividend income is accrued for when the right to receive payment is established. The organisation had no revenue in 2014.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### 31 DECEMBER 2014

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

### (l) Foreign currency translation -

Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the functional currency').

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the presentation currency, Trinidad and Tobago dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 3. Financial Risk Management:

#### Financial risk factors

**Financial Instruments** 

UEEGCL is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, operational risk, compliance risk and reputation risk arising from the financial instruments that it holds. The risk management policies employed by UEEGCL to manage these risks are discussed below:

2014

Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	10,122 13 3,682,650	10,122 13 3,682,650

# Financial Liabilities Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder 507 507 3,565,633 3,565,633

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

	2013	
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> ( <b>\$'000</b> )
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	1,885 6 3,686,334	1,885 6 3,686,334
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	363 3,565,633	363 3,565,633

#### (a) Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The exposure is managed through the matching of funding products with financial services and monitoring market conditions and yields.

			20	14		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to 1 year (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	10,122	-	-	13 _3,682,650 _3,682,663	10,122 13 3,682,650 3,692,785
Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	0.0% 0.0%	-			507 3,565,633	507 3,565,633
		•	*		<u>3,566,140</u>	<u>3.566,140</u>

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

#### (a) Interest rate risk (cont'd) -

			20:	13		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Dur from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	1,885	-	-	6 3,686,334 3,686,340	1.885 6 3.686,334 3.668,225
Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accruals  Due to shareholder	0.0% 0.0%				363 3,565,633	363 3,565,633
					<u>3,565,996</u>	<u>3,565,996</u>

#### (b) Credit risk -

Credit risk arises when failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. UEEGCL has no significant concentration of credit risk..

#### (c) Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity dates of assets and liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. UEEGCL's capital commitments are guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. This significantly limits its exposure to liquidity risk.

UEEGCL has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

### (c) Liquidity risk (cont'd) -

Risk Management -

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of UEEGCL. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity employs various asset/liability techniques to manage liquidity gaps. Liquidity gaps are mitigated by the marketable nature of a substantial segment of UEEGCL's assets.

To manage and reduce liquidity risk UEEGCL's management actively seeks to match cash inflows with liability requirements:

		20	14	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	10,122 13 25,434		3,657,216	10,122 13 3,682,650
	<u>35,569</u>	*	<u>3,657,216</u>	<u>3,692,785</u>
Financial Liabilities Accounts payable and accrual Due to shareholder	507	-	3,565,633	507 3,565,633
	507		<u>3,565,633</u>	<u>3,566,140</u>
		20	13	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	20 1 to <u>5 years</u> ( <b>\$'000</b> )	Over 5 <u>years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets Cash resources	<u>1 year</u>	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u>	
	1 year (\$'000) 1,885 6 29,118	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 1,885 6 3,686,334
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	1 year (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	( <b>\$'000</b> ) 1,885 6
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	1 year (\$'000) 1,885 6 29,118	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 1,885 6 3,686,334

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

#### (d) Currency risk -

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not UEEGCL's measurement currency. UEEGCL is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposure to the United States Dollar. UEEGCL's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

#### (e) Operational risk -

Operational risk is the risk derived from deficiencies relating to UEEGCL's information technology and control systems, as well as the risk of human error and natural disasters. UEEGCL has limited internal operations. Its operational risk is through its involvement with its subsidiary. Through its selection of the Chief Executive Officer and majority of the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, UEEGCL is able to mitigate against operational risk by evaluating, maintaining and upgrading the company's systems continuously. Supervisory controls are also installed to minimise human error.

#### (f) Compliance risk -

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited to a significant extent due to the monitoring controls applied by UEEGCL through its outsourced accounting and advisory functions.

#### (g) Reputation risk -

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to UEEGCL's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue, and legal cases against UEEGCL. UEEGCL keeps a low profile in an effort to minimize this risk.

### NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements:

The preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the process of applying UEEGCL's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. UEEGCL makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. However, actual results could differ from those estimates as the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk or causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Changes in accounting estimates are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the estimate is changed, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods if the change affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the unconsolidated financial statements, includes whether investments are classified as held to maturity investments, available for sale or loans and receivables.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year-end date (requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements) that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

#### Impairment of assets

Management assesses at each year-end date whether its investment in subsidiary is impaired. An asset is impaired when the carrying value is greater than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence of impairment. Recoverable amount is the present value of the future cash flows. Allowances are made for the excess of the carrying value over its recoverable amount.

#### 5. <u>Cash Resources</u>:

	31 December	
	<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000)
Cash in hand	3	4
First Citizens Bank Limited - TT	457	1,881
First Citizens Bank Limited - US	9,662	
	10,122	1,885

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

6. Accoun	Accounts Receivable and Frepayments.	31 Dec	ember
		<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
	Prepayment	13	6

#### 7. Due from Subsidiary:

and Descivable and Proporments

Due	Hom Subsidiary.	31 December	
		<u>2014</u> (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
(a) (b) (c)	Cash on hand Dividend receivable Capital contribution	25,434 3,657,216	9,803 19,315 3,657,216
		3,682,650	3,686,334
	ounts due within one year ounts due after one year	25,434 3,657,216	29,118 3,657,216
		3,682,650	3,686,334

- (a) This balance relates to monies transferred to Trinidad Generation Unlimited to be held in their US dollar bank account until the funds are required for use by UEEGCL.
- (b) On 28 November 2013, the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited approved an interim dividend of US \$3 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. On 29 October 2014, a final dividend of US \$1 million was approved in respect of 2013.
- (c) In March 2014, the Ministry of Finance clarified that Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited position in Trinidad Generation Unlimited would be that of 75% debt and 25% equity effective 31 July 2013. As a consequence, 75% of the capital contributions paid by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago through Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited will be repaid upon a successful loan refinancing by the Company. This amount has been duly reclassified to current assets effective 31 July 2013.

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited is expected to return these funds to the Government of Trinidad and Tobago upon receipt from Trinidad Generation Unlimited. As a result, this amount has also been recorded as a current liability.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 8. Intangible Asset:

This represents a premium calculated as the excess of the purchase price of the minority interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited over the book value of the shares purchased.

### 9. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Additions	131	36	167
Balance as at 31 December 2014	131	36	167
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Charge for the year	74 43	26 9	100 52
Balance as at 31 December 2014	117	35	152
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2014	14		15
Balance as at 31 December 2013	57	10	67

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 9. Property, Plant and Equipment (Cont'd):

Cost	Computer Equipment (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions	50 81	36	86 81
Balance as at 31 December 2013	<u>131</u>	36	<u>167</u>
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	31 43	17 9	48 52
Balance as at 31 December 2013	74	26	100
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2013	57	10	67
Balance as at 31 December 2012	19	19	38

#### 10. Investment in Subsidiary:

myestment in oabsidat.	31 December		
	2014	<u> 2013</u>	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Balance, beginning of year	1,995,238	4,590,951	
Current profit on investment	441,661	765,177	
Additional Government contributions	-	193,155	
Purchase of non-controlling interest	**	122,486	
Transfer to accounts receivable	<del>-</del>	(3,657,216)	
Dividend receivable	(6,358)	(19,315)	
Balance, end of the year	2,430,541	<u>1,995,238</u>	

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

11.	Accounts Payable and Accruals:	31 Dece 2014 (\$'000)	ember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Accruals	507	363
12.	Stated Capital:	31 Dece 2014 (\$'000)	ember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Authorised Unlimited number of shares of no par value		
	Issued and fully paid 5,000,010 ordinary shares at \$1 each	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	\$ 5,000
13.	Advances from Shareholder:	31 Dec 2014 (\$'000)	ember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Balance, beginning of the year Additional Government contributions Transfer to accounts payable	1,319,215	4,691,693 193,155 (3,565,633)
	Balance, end of the year	1,319,215	1,319,215

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Trinidad and Tobago Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 14. Administrative Expenses:

Administrative Expenses.	31 December		
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Accounting and audit	116	116	
Bank charges and interest	I	1	
Depreciation	53	52	
Directors' fees	390	390	
Donations	1	-	
Entertainment	20	4	
Internet	7	7	
Legal and professional	519	663	
Miscellaneous	53	45	
Office	-	I	
Outsourced personnel services	280	282	
Overseas travel	36	102	
Penalties and interest	2	2	
Rent	84	83	
Repairs and maintenance	9	8	
Stationery	4	2	
Telephone	8	8	
Training	10	4	
Travelling	<u>40</u>	43	
	1,633	1,813	



### UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Expressed in United States Dollars)

**31 DECEMBER 2014** 



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Building 5, Christina Courts, 33 – 35 Boisierre No. 1, Maraval, Republic of Trinidad and Tobago

#### Statement of Management Responsibilities

Management is responsible for the following:

- preparing and fairly presenting the accompanying financial statements of Union Estate Electricity
  Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as
  at 31 December 2014, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity
  and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other
  explanatory information;
- ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records;
- selecting appropriate accounting policies and applying them in a consistent manner;
- implementing, monitoring and evaluating the system of internal control that assures security of the company's assets, detection/prevention of fraud, and the achievement of company operational efficiencies;
- ensuring that the system of internal control operated effectively during the reporting period;
- producing reliable financial reporting that comply with laws and regulations, including the Companies Act; and
- using reasonable and prudent judgement in the determination of estimates.

In preparing these audited unconsolidated financial statements, management utilised the International Financial Reporting Standards, as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Trinidad and Tobago. Where International Financial Reporting Standards presented alternative accounting treatments, management chose those considered most appropriate in the circumstances.

Nothing has come to the attention of management to indicate that the company will not remain a going concern for the next twelve months from the reporting date; or up to the date the accompanying financial statements have been authorised for issue, if later.

Management affirms that it has carried out its responsibilities as outlined above.

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Director

Date: November 22, 2016

Directors: David D'Andrade - Chairman • Soraya Nanan • Phil Achan • Selvon Ramroop



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

#### The Shareholders Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited

We have audited the accompanying unconsolidated financial statements of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited, which comprise the unconsolidated statement of financial position as at 31 December 2014, the unconsolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Unconsolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of unconsolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these unconsolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the unconsolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the unconsolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the unconsolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and unconsolidated fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the unconsolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the unconsolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited as of 31 December 2014, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards.

Port of Spain 22 November 2016

PKF

Direct tel (868) 624-4569 l Direct fax (868) 624-4388 PKF 1 90 Edward Street 1 Port-of-Spain 1 PO Bag 250 Belmont 1 Trinidad 1 WI

Partners: Renée-Lisa Philip Mark K. Superville

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **ASSETS**

		31 December		
		<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	
	<u>Notes</u>	(\$'000)	(\$'000)	
Current Assets:				
Cash resources	5	1,592	293	
Accounts receivable and prepayments	6	2	1	
Due from subsidiary	7	4,000	4,522	
Total Current Assets		5,594	4,816	
Non-Current Assets:				
Due from subsidiary	7	568,023	568,023	
Intangible asset	8	11,719	11,719	
Property, plant and equipment	9	3	11	
Investment in subsidiary	10	391,032	322,572	
Total Non-Current Assets		970,777	902,325	
Total Assets		<u>976,371</u>	<u>907,141</u>	
LIABILITIES AND SHARE	EHOLDER'S	<u>EQUITY</u>		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accruals	11	80	56	
Due to shareholder		553,799	553,799	
Total Liabilities		553,879	553,855	
Shareholder's Equity:				
Stated capital	12	780	780	
Advances from shareholder	13	217,724	217,724	
Accumulated surplus		203,988	134,782	
Total Shareholder's Equity		422,492	353,286	
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity		<u>976,371</u>	907,141	

These unconsolidated financial statements have been authorized by the Board of Directors for issue on 22 November 2016 and signed on their behalf by:

Director: Directorial

Director: \_

(The accompanying notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements)

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Expressed in United States Dollars)

	For the year ended 31 December	
Revenue:	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Total Revenue		***************************************
Expenditure:		
Administrative expenses (Note 14)	255	282
Total Expenditure	. 255	282
Operating loss	(0.5%)	
	(255)	(282)
Share of investee profit	<u>69,460</u>	118,844
Net profit for the year	69,205	118,562
Other Comprehensive Income:		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	1	(4)
Total Comprehensive Income	69,206	118,558

# UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2014

	Accumulated Fund (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2013	16,224
Total Comprehensive Income	118,558
Balance as at 31 December 2013	134,782
Balance as at 1 January 2014	134,782
Total Comprehensive Income	69,206
Balance as at 31 December 2014	203,988

## UNCONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

nded er
2013 (\$'000)
118,562
8
(4)
118,566
27,754
(13)
146,307
(13)
(568,023)
553,799
(11,719)
403,155
377,199
(523,799)
(523,799)
(293)
586
293
29 <u>3</u>

(The accompanying notes form an integral part of these unconsolidated financial statements)

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 1. Principal Business Activities:

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited (UEEGCL) was incorporated on 26 February 2008 to hold equity on behalf of the Government of Trinidad and Tobago, in the acquisition, construction, ownership, sale, and the operation, management and maintenance of power generation facilities. The registered office of UEEGCL is located at Level 15, Eric Williams Financial Complex, Independence Square, Port of Spain.

Trinidad Generation Unlimited is wholly owned by UEEGCL, an entity controlled by the Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago ("GORTT").

The purposes of Trinidad Generation Unlimited are limited to engaging in the acquisition, construction, lease, ownership and sale, and the operation, management, maintenance, financing and re-financing of power generation facilities., contracting for the output of power from such facilities, and all actions incidental, necessary or appropriate to the foregoing that may be engaged in by an unlimited liability company formed under the Act.

The operations of Trinidad Generation Unlimited have not been consolidated into these financial statements. Consolidated financial statements are presented separately.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### (a) Basis of preparation -

These unconsolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) and are stated in Trinidad and Tobago dollars rounded to the nearest thousand. These unconsolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis. The accounting policies used are consistent with those of previous year.

#### (b) Use of estimates -

The preparation of unconsolidated financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. It also requires the use of assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of these consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of income and expenditure during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may ultimately differ from those estimates

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

## 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations
  - i) The Company has not applied the following standards and amendments that became effective during the current year, as they do not apply to the activities of the Company:
    - IFRS 2 Share-based payment Amendment to the definition of vesting condition (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment re: accounting for a contingent consideration in a business combination (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 3 Business Combinations Amendment on the scope of exception for joint ventures (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 8 Operating Segments Amendment re: disclosure of the aggregation of operating segments and the reconciliation of assets (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendment for investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
    - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Amendment for investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
    - IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement Amendment re: clarification of portfolio exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendment re: proportionate restatement of accumulated depreciation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
    - IAS 24 Related Party Disclosures Amendment on disclosures for entities providing key management personnel services (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

### (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -

- IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendment to measure at fair value eligible investment entities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 32 Financial Instruments; Presentation Amendment re: application guidance on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendment re: the proportionate restatement of accumulated amortisation under the revaluation method (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
- IAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement Amendment re: the novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- IAS 40 Investment Property Amendment re: clarification of specific transactions that are both business combinations and investment property (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2014).
- IFRIC 21 Levies (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2014).
- ii) The Company has not applied the following standards, revised standards and interpretations that have been issued but are not yet effective as they either do not apply to the activities of the Society or have no material impact on its financial statements, except for IFRS 9 Financial Instruments:
- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IFRS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018).

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

- (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements Amendments regarding the accounting for acquisitions of an interest in a joint operation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2017).
  - IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements Amendments resulting from disclosure initiative (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments regarding the clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment Amendments bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
  - IFRS 19 Employee Benefits: Disclosures 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (c) New accounting standards and interpretations (cont'd) -

- IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements Amendments reinstalling the equity method as an accounting option for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in an entity's separate financial statements (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 28 Investment in Associates Amendments regarding the sale or contribution of assets between investor and its associate or joint venture (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 28 Investment in Associates Amendments regarding the application of consolidation exception (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting 2014 Annual Improvements to IFRSs (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 38 Intangible Assets Amendments regarding the clarification of acceptable methods of depreciation and amortisation (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).
- IAS 41 Agriculture Amendments bringing bearer plants into the scope of IAS 16 (effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016).

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment -

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided using the diminishing balance method.

The following rates are considered appropriate to write-off the assets over their estimated useful lives.

Furniture, fixtures and fittings - 25% Office equipment - 33.3%

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (d) Property, plant and equipment (cont'd) -

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date, and adjusted as appropriate. An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### (e) Financial assets -

Financial assets are classified into the following categories – loans and receivables and available for sale financial assets. The classification depends on the purpose for which the investments were acquired. Management determines the classification of its investments at initial recognition and re-evaluates this at every reporting date.

#### Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets, with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and which UEEGCL does not intend to sell in the short-term or which it has not designated as fair value through profit and loss, available for sale or held to maturity. Loans and receivables are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. As at the reporting date, the company had no loans or receivables.

#### Available for sale

Investments intended to be held for an indefinite period of time and which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rate are classified as available for sale. These investments are carried at fair value with realized gains and losses being taken to the profit and loss account and unrealized gains and losses being shown in equity. As at the reporting date, the company had no available for sale financial assets.

#### Held to maturity

Investments with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity which the Group has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised costs. The investment in subsidiary is considered a held-to-maturity financial asset.

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (f) Comparative information -

Where necessary, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation in the current year.

#### (g) Accounting for investment in subsidiary -

The investment in subsidiary is accounted for at cost, in accordance with IAS 27. Additional capital contributions increase the investment in subsidiary.

#### (h) Cash and cash equivalents -

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and deposits held on call with banks. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Cash and cash equivalents carry a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

#### (i) Stated capital -

Stated capital comprises shares and is classified as equity when there is no obligation to transfer cash or other assets. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of equity instruments are shown in equity as a deduction from the proceeds. The unconsolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of dollars rounded to the nearest \$1,000. Stated capital carries a value less than five hundred dollars (\$500). Therefore, the balance is shown as \$nil.

#### (j) Intangible asset -

Premium of share purchase

This represents the excess of the purchase price of a share acquisition over its book value. Although not subject to amortization, its value will be tested fro impairment on an annual basis or nore frequently if events or circumstances indicate.

#### (k) Revenue recognition -

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods, the provision of a service or the use by others of entity assets yielding interests, royalties and/or dividends. Revenue is shown net of value-added-tax, rebates and discounts and after eliminating inter-group sales. Interest income is recognised on the accruals basis and dividend income is accrued for when the right to receive payment is established. The organisation had no revenue in 2014.

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Cont'd):

#### (l) Foreign currency translation -

#### Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the unconsolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the 'functional currency').

#### Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the presentation currency, United States dollars, using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income.

#### 3. Financial Risk Management:

#### Financial risk factors

UEEGCL is exposed to interest rate risk, credit risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, operational risk, compliance risk and reputation risk arising from the financial instruments that it holds. The risk management policies employed by UEEGCL to manage these risks are discussed below:

#### **Financial Instruments**

	2014	
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	1,592 2 572,023	1,592 2 572,023
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	80 553,799	80 553,799

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

	201	3
Financial Assets	Carrying <u>Value</u> (\$'000)	Fair <u>Value</u> (\$'000)
Cash Resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	293 1 572,545	293 1 572,545
Financial Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accruals  Due to shareholder	56 553,799	56 553,799

#### (a) Interest rate risk -

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The exposure is managed through the matching of funding products with financial services and monitoring market conditions and yields.

			20	14		
Financial Assets	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to 5 years (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	1,592 				1,592 2 572,023 573,617
Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accruals  Due to shareholder	0.0% 0.0%	**************************************			80 553,799	80 553,799
		*			553,879	<u>553,879</u>

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

#### (a) Interest rate risk (cont'd) -

			20	13		
	Effective <u>Rate</u>	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Non- Interest <u>Bearing</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets						
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments Due from subsidiary	0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	293 	-	-	572,545	293 1 572,545 
Financial Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accruals Due to shareholder	0.0% 0.0%	-	-		56 553,799	56 553,799
			<del></del>		<u>553,855</u>	<u>553,855</u>

#### (b) Credit risk -

Credit risk arises when failure by counter parties to discharge their obligations could reduce the amount of future cash inflows from financial assets on hand at the reporting date. UEEGCL has no significant concentration of credit risk.

#### (c) Liquidity risk -

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises when the maturity dates of assets and liabilities do not match. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but can also increase the risk of losses. UEEGCL's capital commitments are guaranteed by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago. This significantly limits its exposure to liquidity risk.

UEEGCL has procedures with the object of minimising such losses such as maintaining sufficient cash and other highly liquid current assets and by having available an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

#### (c) Liquidity risk (cont'd)

Risk Management -

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of UEEGCL. UEEGCL as a consolidated entity employs various asset/liability techniques to manage liquidity gaps. Liquidity gaps are mitigated by the marketable nature of a substantial segment of UEEGCL's assets.

To manage and reduce liquidity risk UEEGCL's management actively seeks to match cash inflows with liability requirements:

		20	14	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> ( <b>\$'000</b> )	1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	1,592	-	-	1,592
Due from subsidiary	4,000		568,023	572,023
Financial Liabilities	<u>5,594</u>	<del> </del>	<u>568,023</u>	<u>573.617</u>
Accounts payable and accrual Due to shareholder	80	**	553,799	80 553,799
	80	*	<u>553,799</u>	553,879
		20	13	
	Up to <u>1 year</u> (\$'000)	20 1 to <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Financial Assets	1 year (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u>	(\$'000)
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	1 year (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	(\$'000) 293 1
Cash resources	1 year (\$'000) 293 1 4,522	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over 5 years (\$'000)	(\$'000)  293 1 572.545
Cash resources Accounts receivable and prepayments	1 year (\$'000)	1 to <u>5 years</u>	Over <u>5 years</u> (\$'000)	( <b>\$'000</b> )  293

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 3. Financial Risk Management (Cont'd):

#### (d) Currency risk -

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises when future commercial transactions and recognised assets and liabilities are denominated in a currency that is not UEEGCL's measurement currency. UEEGCL is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from currency exposure to the United States Dollar. UEEGCL's management monitors the exchange rate fluctuations on a continuous basis and acts accordingly.

#### (e) Operational risk -

Operational risk is the risk derived from deficiencies relating to UEEGCL's information technology and control systems, as well as the risk of human error and natural disasters. UEEGCL has limited internal operations. Its operational risk is through its involvement with its subsidiary. Through its selection of the Chief Executive Officer and majority of the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited, UEEGCL is able to mitigate against operational risk by evaluating, maintaining and upgrading the company's systems continuously. Supervisory controls are also installed to minimise human error.

#### (f) Compliance risk -

Compliance risk is the risk of financial loss, including fines and other penalties, which arise from non-compliance with laws and regulations of the state. The risk is limited to a significant extent due to the monitoring controls applied by UEEGCL through its outsourced accounting and advisory functions.

#### (g) Reputation risk -

The risk of loss of reputation arising from the negative publicity relating to UEEGCL's operations (whether true or false) may result in a reduction of its clientele, reduction in revenue, and legal cases against UEEGCL. UEEGCL keeps a low profile in an effort to minimize this risk.

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 4. <u>Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements:</u>

The preparation of these unconsolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions in the process of applying UEEGCL's accounting policies.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events, that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. UEEGCL makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. However, actual results could differ from those estimates as the resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have significant risk or causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

Changes in accounting estimates are recognised in the Unconsolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income in the period in which the estimate is changed, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods if the change affects both current and future periods.

The critical judgements, apart from those involving estimates, which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the unconsolidated financial statements, includes whether investments are classified as held to maturity investments, available for sale or loans and receivables.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the year-end date (requiring management's most difficult, subjective or complex judgements) that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

#### Impairment of assets

Management assesses at each year-end date whether its investment in subsidiary is impaired. An asset is impaired when the carrying value is greater than its recoverable amount and there is objective evidence of impairment. Recoverable amount is the present value of the future cash flows. Allowances are made for the excess of the carrying value over its recoverable amount.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

5.	<u>Cash Resources</u> :	31 Dec 2014 (\$'000)	ember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Cash in hand First Citizens Bank Limited – TT First Citizens Bank Limited – US	72 1,520	292 
6.	Accounts Receivable and Prepayments:	31 Dec <u>2014</u> (\$'000)	ember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Prepayment	2	1
7.	<u>Due from Subsidiary</u> :	31 Dece 2014 (\$'000)	ember <u>2013</u> (\$*000)
	<ul><li>(a) Cash on hand</li><li>(b) Dividend receivable</li><li>(c) Capital contribution</li></ul>	4,000 568,023	1,522 3,000 568,023
	Amounts due within one year Amounts due after one year	572,023 4,000 568,023 572,023	572,545 4,522 568,023 572,545

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

#### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

#### 7. Due from Subsidiary (Cont'd):

- (a) This balance relates to monies transferred to Trinidad Generation Unlimited to be held in their US dollar bank account until the funds are required for use by UEEGCL.
- (b) On 28 November 2013, the Board of Directors of Trinidad Generation Unlimited approved an interim dividend of US \$3 million for the year ended 31 December 2013. On 29 October 2014, a final dividend of US \$1 million was approved in respect of 2013.
- (c) In March 2014, the Ministry of Finance clarified that Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited position in Trinidad Generation Unlimited would be that of 75% debt and 25% equity effective 31 July 2013. As a consequence, 75% of the capital contributions paid by the Government of Trinidad and Tobago through Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited will be repaid upon a successful loan refinancing by the Company. This amount has been duly reclassified to current assets effective 31 July 2013.

Union Estate Electricity Generation Company Limited is expected to return these funds to the Government of Trinidad and Tobago upon receipt from Trinidad Generation Unlimited. As a result, this amount has also been recorded as a current liability.

#### 8. <u>Intangible Asset:</u>

This represents a premium calculated as the excess of the purchase price of the minority interest in Trinidad Generation Unlimited over the book value of the shares purchased.

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

## 9. Property, Plant and Equipment:

Cost	Computer <u>Equipment</u> (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Additions	21	6	27
Balance as at 31 December 2014	21	6	27
Accumulated Depreciation			
Balance as at 1 January 2014 Charge for the year	13 7	3 1	16 8
Balance as at 31 December 2014	20	4	24
Net Book Value			
Balance as at 31 December 2014		2	3
Balance as at 31 December 2013	8	3	11
Cost	Computer <u>Equipment</u> (\$'000)	Furniture <u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	<u>Total</u> (\$'000)
Cost  Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions	<b>Equipment</b>	<u>Fixtures</u>	
Balance as at 1 January 2013	<u>Equipment</u> (\$'000)	<u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	( <b>\$'000</b> )
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions	Equipment (\$'000)  8  13	<u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	( <b>\$'000</b> )  14  13
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions Balance as at 31 December 2013	Equipment (\$'000)  8  13	<u>Fixtures</u> (\$'000)	( <b>\$'000</b> )  14  13
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions  Balance as at 31 December 2013  Accumulated Depreciation  Balance as at 1 January 2013	Equipment (\$'000)	Fixtures (\$'000)  6  6  6	(\$'000) 14 13 27
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions  Balance as at 31 December 2013  Accumulated Depreciation  Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	Equipment (\$'000)  8 13 21	Fixtures (\$'000)  6	(\$'000) 14 13 27 8 8
Balance as at 1 January 2013 Additions  Balance as at 31 December 2013  Accumulated Depreciation  Balance as at 1 January 2013 Charge for the year  Balance as at 31 December 2013	Equipment (\$'000)  8 13 21	Fixtures (\$'000)  6	(\$'000) 14 13 27 8 8

# NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

10.	Investment in Subsidiary:		
		31 Dece	mber
		2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
	Balance, beginning of year Current profit on investment Additional Government contributions Purchase of non-controlling interest Transfer to accounts receivable Dividends receivable Balance, end of the year	322,572 69,460 (1,000) 391,032	725,727 118,844 30,000 19,024 (568,023) (3,000) 322,572
11.	Accounts Payable and Accruais:	31 Dec <u>2014</u> (\$'000)	cember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Accruals	80	56
12.	Stated Capital:	31 Dec <u>2014</u> (\$'000)	cember <u>2013</u> (\$'000)
	Authorised Unlimited number of shares of no par value		
	<b>Issued and fully paid</b> 5,000,010 ordinary shares at TTD\$1 each	<u>780</u>	<u>780</u>

31 December

### UNION ESTATE ELECTRICITY GENERATION COMPANY LIMITED

## NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in United States Dollars)

### **31 DECEMBER 2014**

## 13. Advances from Shareholder:

	31 December		
	2014 (\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)	
Balance, beginning of the year Additional Government contributions Transfer to accounts payable	217,724	741,523 30,000 (553,799)	
Balance, end of the year	<u>217,724</u>	217,724	

## 14. <u>Administrative Expenses</u>:

	21 December	
	(\$'000)	2013 (\$'000)
Accounting and audit	18	18
Depreciation	8	8
Directors' fees	61	61
Entertainment	3	İ
Internet	1	1
Legal and professional	82	103
Miscellaneous	8	7
Outsourced personnel services	44	44
Overseas travel	6	16
Rent	13	13
Repairs and maintenance	1	1
Stationery	1	-
Telephone	1	1
Training	2	1
Travelling	6	7
	255	282